

#### Installation Overview

Using Phoscrete concrete repair materials is easy, but for best results, it is important to follow the directions provided in this installation guide.

**Quick Start Guides** are included with all Phoscrete products and are published at <u>phoscrete.com</u>.<sup>i</sup> Visit our website for the latest versions of all our documentation. Contact our installation support team for help anytime.

### **Properties of Phoscrete**

Phoscrete is a very rapid hardening, early strength gain **MALP** concrete that chemically and mechanically bonds to the concrete substrate and to itself with no cold joints. It stops rust on contact, prevents chloride penetration, does not shrink, and resists cracking even under severe environmental conditions.

Phoscrete is traffic-ready in less than one [1] hour, achieving a compressive strength of 5,000 psi (35 MPa) at 68°F (20°C), and a bond strength of 1,500 psi (10 MPa) at one [1] hour. Phoscrete's ultimate strength is 10,000 psi (70 MPa) compressive, 700 psi (5 MPa) flexural, and 3,000 psi (20 MPa) bond.

For detailed technical data and performance characteristics, visit <u>phoscrete.com</u>.<sup>ii</sup>

#### Important things to know when working with Phoscrete:

- **Never add water** when mixing or placing Phoscrete, mix only with Liquid Activator.
- Always add liquid first when mixing. Then blend in the Dry Mix powder.
- Do NOT extend Phoscrete with aggregate.
- Mix one full jug of Phoscrete Liquid Activator into one full bag of Phoscrete HC or HF Dry Mix. Wet to Dry (WTD) mix ratio is 18.75% for HC and HF.
- Mix one full jug of Liquid Activator into two full bags of Phoscrete VO Dry Mix. WTD mix ratio is 16.75% WTD for VO. On-site measurement for partial unit mixing is NOT recommended, however Phoscrete provides a measuring beaker for mixing with one bag of VO (54 ounces = ½ jug Liquid Activator).
- Liquid Activator is the same formula and packaging for HC, HF and VO.
- Phoscrete is usually mixed one kit at a time in standard 5-gallon (or larger) buckets on installations requiring 2 pallets or less (96 kits). On large volume repairs, multiple kits may be mixed at once using a rubber tipped, paddle-type mortar mixer. Whiteman WM70PH8 is recommended. On smaller repairs, use one or more Phoscrete Small Pails that have 1.25-gallon capacity and are available for Phoscrete HC only. Small Pail coverage is [1] board foot (.0833 cf or 12" x 12" x 1").

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#### Important things to know when working with Phoscrete (Continued)

- Use a heavy-duty drill designed for mixing of concrete materials. Phoscrete recommends the Bosch GBM-9-16 mixing drill or the Collomix Paddle Mixer XO. Ensure your generator and extension cords can supply sufficient power to the mixing drills.
- Phoscrete Urethane Mixing Augers (Small and Large) are excellent tools for fast and easy mixing of Phoscrete in a bucket. A special version of the auger is available for Collomix.
- Do not over-mix Phoscrete. Once wetted out (<1 minute), place and finish immediately.
- Typical working time is 5-15 minutes (temperature dependent).
- Supercool Phoscrete Activator in advance as cold as 0°F (-20°C) in a freezer, and/or transport to the job site in large coolers on ice to achieve maximum working time in warm temperatures.
- Use Slow-Set Admix in hot temperatures. Use Fast-Set Admix in cold temperatures.
- Phoscrete requires a dry surface (not SSD) for successful bond. Primer is not generally required.
- **Use Phoscrete Primer** (scrub coat, thin layer) in high stress environments.
- **Use Phoscrete Sealer** to improve freeze/thaw and salt-scaling durability.
- Place Phoscrete using standard concrete tools (magnesium float, margin trowel).
- Phoscrete does not bond to plastic, polystyrene (foam board), or petroleum products.
  Phoscrete does not bond to wet surfaces or dry or wet slurry from saw cut demolition.
- Dampen gloves and wipe down tools with water (and shake off) for ease of placement and best finish, but do not pour water directly on wet Phoscrete.
- Clean tools and buckets and boots with water. Clean hands with soap and water.

#### **Phoscrete Installation Support**

Phoscrete technical support personnel are available to travel on-site for application training and start of work. Virtual interactive training is also available, and the most up-to-date documentation and installation videos are published at <u>phoscrete.com</u>. Contractors with recent experience working with Phoscrete may receive a letter of qualification upon request.

#### Phoscrete Packaging, Delivery, Storage, Shelf Life, and Disposal

Phoscrete is manufactured and delivered in *Kits* (large Dry Mix bags plus Liquid Activator jugs, palletized separately), in *Small Pails* (containing small Dry Mix bags and Liquid Activator jars, boxed or palletized), and in *Patch Kit Tubs* (also containing dry mix bags and smaller jars, packaged in shippable boxes). Refer to the Technical Data Guides found at <u>phoscrete.com</u> for weights and yields of specific products.



### **Shelf Life**

When components are properly stored, **shelf life of Phoscrete Dry Mix is two [2] years**. **Shelf life of Phoscrete Liquid Activator is one [1] year**. Store Dry Mix: indoors, in low humidity. Store Liquid Activator indoors and minimize temperature swings.

**Lot numbers** are printed on every bag of dry mix and every box that holds 4 jugs of activator, so be sure to check the lot numbers before installing, and before discarding the box that holds the jugs. Here is how to decode a Phoscrete batch number:

#### Dry Mix Bags: [YDDDBB]

First digit is the year, followed by day of year (3 digits). The last 2 digits are the batch number. For example: "101201" the dry mix was bagged on Jan. 12, 2021 (batch 01).

#### Liquid Activator Jugs (boxes): [6YDDDTTPP]

First digit (6) indicates Activator, second digit is year, followed by the day of year (3 digits) then the last 4 digits are the tank and pallet, respectively. For example: "610110403" activator was jugged on Jan. 11, 2021 (tank 04, pallet 03).

#### Small Pails: DYDDD/L6YDDD

Inside the small pails the bags and jugs have the full lot numbers. On the outside label, the production date for the dry mix (DYDDD) and the production date for the activator (6YDDD) is printed. Follow examples above to decode.

#### Phoscrete STRONGLY advises against installing expired material, material

**improperly stored, or material opened or damaged.** If you cannot avoid installing questionable materials, you should mix a full kit (or pail) in your shop and observe mixing properties and time of set to verify that they are in line with data reported in the Technical Data Guides.

Hardened Phoscrete concrete and Phoscrete Dry Mix powder can be disposed in any dumpster or landfill. Phoscrete Liquid Activator must be neutralized before disposing. Contact your Phoscrete representative and visit <u>phoscrete.com</u> for information on how to easily neutralize Phoscrete Liquid Activator, or with any questions regarding improperly stored or expired material. Always follow local environmental regulations when disposing Phoscrete.

### Safety and Personal Protection Equipment

Visit <u>phoscrete.com</u> to review the Safety Data Sheets for Dry Mix and Liquid Activator. Phoscrete Dry Mix contains magnesium, calcined aluminosilicates, graded aggregates, and rigid fibers. Phoscrete Liquid Activator is a low-odor mono-aluminum phosphoric acid solution.

When mixing, placing, and finishing Phoscrete, wear a particle filtration mask, nitrilecoated gloves, and eye protection. Have water and an eye wash station handy. Wash your hands with soap and water after working with Phoscrete.



#### **Surface Preparation**

- Follow <u>ICRI Guidelines 310.1R</u><sup>iii</sup> for preparing the surface prior to placing Phoscrete.
- Remove all loose and damaged concrete from the repair area to reach sound concrete. Remove concrete contaminated by asphalt, oils, or other bond-inhibiting materials. Remove previously installed non-cementitious repair materials.
- Use appropriate mechanical means to obtain an exposed aggregate surface profile correspondent to a Concrete Surface Profile (CSP) rate between 7 and 9 according to <u>ICRI Guidelines 310.2R</u>.<sup>iv</sup> Hydro demolition is not recommended for Phoscrete.
- Remove exposed rust with a wire brush or use an angle grinder with a wheel brush.
  Because Phoscrete naturally stops rust on contact, sandblasting to remove all rust from rebar is not required. Remove concrete beneath rebar for best corrosion protection.
- For horizontal repairs, insure at least a one-inch [1"] depth throughout the repair (do not leave a feather edge). Thicker is always better for lasting horizonal repairs Encapsulate the rebar with Phoscrete for best results.
- For vertical and overhead repairs, VO material can be feather-finished.
- Use an angle grinder and wheel brush to remove slurry from the substrate after wet/dry saw cutting, especially over the vertical edges. Blow out any remaining dust.
- Use a torch and lightly "kiss" the substrate surface to burn off residual oils (after thorough mechanical removal), to evaporate ice crystals from frozen concrete, and to dry damp concrete. Be careful because extended heat on conventional concrete reduces compressive strength.



Deck Spall Ideal Site Preparation



Vertical Column Site Preparation



Use Foam Board to Establish Expansion Joints

Use bond breaking materials such as polystyrene foam board to prevent Phoscrete from bonding across expansion joints. Mark form with a chalk line to substrate to establish the level for finishing. Paint wooden forms and screeds with urethane paint or release agent to prevent bonding to the form and for slip-forming cast repairs. Note that release agents prevent Phoscrete-to-Phoscrete bond.



#### **Primer Treatment**

Phoscrete Primer is not generally required for Phoscrete repair installations., The use of Phoscrete Primer is advisable for challenging conditions to achieve a stronger bond. Phoscrete Primer improves bond strength as much as 50% by reducing voids at the bond line interface. Phoscrete repair material bonds to itself, creating a monolithic pour (no cold joints) with Phoscrete Primer.

When using the primer, pre-treat the concrete substrate: (1) aggressively scrub freshly mixed Phoscrete Primer on the prepared substrate surface; (2) apply a thin <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" layer of Phoscrete Primer over the scrub coat; (3) wait approximately 15 minutes for the scrub coat to set up; (4) mix, place, and finish Phoscrete repair material.

Phoscrete's chemical and mechanical bond to Portland cement concrete is very good without primer treatment. Use Phoscrete Primer for best results. Use Phoscrete HC, HF, and VO as alternative to Phoscrete Primer, following the primer treatment described above.

### **Small Pail Mixing Instructions**

Phoscrete Small Pails are 1.25-gallon pails containing a 10 lb. bag of Dry Mix and a jar of Liquid Activator. Phoscrete HC, HF and VO are available in the Small Pail package for small concrete repairs, or for a final, finishing mix to save a full bag. Phoscrete Primer is also packaged in Small Pails and smaller tubs. Refer to Technical Data Guides for coverage details.

- Remove all items from the small pail and empty the entire content of the Phoscrete Liquid Activator jar into the empty pail.
- Empty entire content of the Dry Mix bag into the pail.
- Place the Phoscrete Small Mixing Paddle or similar into the pail. Slowly power up the 3/8" drive, min. 18V portable mixing drill and run on the highest torque setting for approximately one [1] minute, or until the material is completely wetted out. VO mixes longer to a paste consistency, HC and HF mix to a flowable consistency.

#### **Bucket Mixing Instructions**

- Phoscrete Dry Mix bags and Liquid Activator jugs are typically mixed as kits in [5] gallon (or larger) buckets. Refer to the Technical Data Guides for coverage details.
- When mixing more than 5 cf (10+ kits of Phoscrete) for a single placement, it is recommended that [2] persons mix from [2] buckets each, runner steadily delivering freshly mixed material to the finishers.

Watch installation videos at <u>phoscrete.com</u> for mixing examples.



- Remove the Liquid Activator jugs from cooler and invert 3 times. **HC/HF**: pour the entire contents of the Liquid Activator jug into the bucket. **VO**: because kits are [1] jug to [2] bags, use the provided cup to measure  $\frac{1}{2}$  jug to 1 bag. Phoscrete recommends using a 6- or 8-gallon bucket when mixing [2] bags VO Dry Mix into [1] jug of Liquid Activator as packaged. Pour the Liquid Activator against the walls of the bucket to avoid splashing, and to clean the bucket walls after each mix.
- Add appropriate Admixtures into the liquid next, before pouring the Dry Mix powder content. Refer to Phoscrete's All Temperature Guidelines at phoscrete.com for usage of Phoscrete Fast-Set and Slow-Set Admixtures, and for best practices on cooling/supercooling Activator.
- Empty entire content of the Dry Mix bag(s) into the bucket.
- Use Phoscrete's Large Urethane Mixing Augers with a dual or variable speed drill mixer (minimum 7-amp drill, ½" chuck with side handle), and mix approximately 45 seconds, or until Phoscrete is completely wetted out (no dry material remains). Do not overmix (more than one minute).
- Empty the bucket into prepared site, place and finish immediately.
- Clean bucket and mixing paddle with water only after the final pour.

#### Mortar Mixer Instructions (Mix Multiple Kits at Once)

- Position mortar mixer close to prepared site. Turn on mortar mixer.
- Remove the Liquid Activator jugs from cooler and invert 3 times. Pour the entire content of the selected number of Phoscrete Liquid Activator jugs into a paddle-style mortar mixer. A polyethylene drum is recommended for easy cleanup.
- Empty the content of the corresponding bags of Phoscrete • Dry Mix into the mortar mixer and let spin until no dry material remains. Do not overmix (more than 3 minutes).
- Stop the mortar mixer and pour the content into the prepared site.
- Return mixer to upright position and add the next batch of • Phoscrete Liquid Activator, allowing the mixer to spin continuously to prevent material remained in drum from hardening. Add Dry Mix bags when ready for the next placement.
- Clean mixer with water after final pour.



Phoscrete recommends: Whiteman WM70PH8 Polyethylene-Drum Mortar Mixers for mixing up to 6 kits at a time.



Phoscrete recommends: 9 Amp 5/8" Drill Mixer with Side and D-Handles



#### **Placing and Finishing Phoscrete**

Plan on between 5-15 minutes working time (ambient temperature dependent) to place and finish each batch of Phoscrete. Supercool Phoscrete Activator in advance to extend working time in temperatures above 68°F (20°C). Refer to Phoscrete All Temperature Guidelines<sup>v</sup> for details.

When bucket-mixing, empty into prepared site immediately. If a delay causes Phoscrete to begin setting up in the bucket, discard the mix. When mixing in a mortar mixer, empty the material directly into the prepared site.

Phoscrete Primer: Before mixing and placing Phoscrete HC, HF or VO on a prepared site, when appropriate, first install Phoscrete Primer per directions in the site preparation section. Phoscrete HC, HF and VO can be used for scrub coat and thin layer application when Phoscrete Primer is not available.

Phoscrete VO: On vertical and overhead surfaces, wearing lightly dampened nitrile coated gloves, grab a handful of freshly mixed Phoscrete and hand pack the material in lifts. For multiple layers, start applying thin lifts, allowing time to set up, then increase the thickness. For vertical installations, do not apply more than 3 inches in one lift. Do not apply more than 2 inches per lift for overhead installations.

**Phoscrete HC/HF**: On inclines, start at the bottom of the slope and work your way up. On steep inclines, allow the first material placed to set to control the slump from subsequent pours. Remember, Phoscrete bonds to itself wet or cured with no cold joints.



Expansion Joint Header Installation

Bridge Deck Spall Repair



Vertical Column Repair

Finish using standard concrete magnesium floats, steel margin trowels, and screeds. Push material toward (not away from) edges for maximum bond. Wipe trowels and rinse gloves with water and shake off excess water to prevent Phoscrete from sticking to the trowel or gloves for the smoothest finish. DO NOT pour water directly onto wet Phoscrete.



### Placing and Finishing Phoscrete (Continued)

**Blend multiple pours**: Before the material has set, wiggle your trowel in the Phoscrete mix to blend each new pour with the previous pour at the point of contact to get a nice finish.

**Install in lifts:** When installing Phoscrete HC, HF or VO greater than 4" thick, install Phoscrete in lifts, and leave 2" for the final lift to achieve the best finish. Scarify the surface of each lift to improve the mechanical bond.

Use a **concrete pencil vibrator** to increase material flow in tight spaces, to blend multiple batches, to reduce expansion, and increase density by allowing air bubbles to escape.

30 minutes following initial set, Phoscrete HC and HF expand slightly, more in cold conditions. Expansion improves the mechanical bond to the adjacent concrete with no damage. When you observe expansion, compensate by using slightly less material at the center of the patch to avoid "doming."

Once the Phoscrete surface starts to develop a "**skin**," stop finishing.

### **Grinding Phoscrete**

For horizontal patches subject to traffic and headers of expansion joints, Phoscrete will last long when finished level to the concrete approach. When finished too high, constant vehicular impact will ultimately damage Phoscrete, same as any high strength concrete. As soon as 30 minutes following the initial set of the final, finishing pour, Phoscrete can be milled using a walk-behind grinder or an angle grinder. Grinding during the same lane closure to the smoothest rideability enhances user satisfaction.

When installing Phoscrete for expansion joint headers, grind the exposed corner to a 45° angle prior to installing the joint seal.

Grind Phoscrete before applying sealers to expose pores for better surface absorption.

Film-forming sealers, such as epoxies can be applied as soon as 15 minutes following the initial set of the final pour of Phoscrete since Phoscrete does not outgas after cure.

In many instances, sealers can be applied after 15 minutes following the initial set of Phoscrete even in cold temperatures, thanks to the heat given off on set. Wait until the temperature of the installed Phoscrete material drops below 100°F (38°C) before applying sealants.



### **Applying Phoscrete Sealer**

**Phoscrete Sealer** is a high-performance concrete durability enhancer that seals concrete pores thus improving waterproof and protection against freeze/thaw and salt-scaling deterioration. Apply Phoscrete Sealer immediately after Phoscrete is cured and surface is ground. Allow time to dry before safely opening to traffic. Refer to <u>phoscrete.com</u> for detailed installation instructions.

### **Expansion Joints**

Phoscrete HC is an excellent material for installation and repair of expansion joint headers. Because Phoscrete mixes, places, and finishes fast, joint seals can be installed as soon as 15 minutes following initial set of the final pour, allowing an expansion joint installation to be completed in one lane closure. Refer to Phoscrete's Best Practices Guidelines for <u>Expansion Joint Installation and Repair</u><sup>vi</sup> for more details.

### **Opening Phoscrete to Traffic**

Phoscrete achieves initial set when a nail can no longer be pressed into the center of a Phoscrete repair. Phoscrete typically achieves final set less than five [5] minutes after initial set and is ready for heavy traffic one [1] hour following initial set of the final pour. Traffic re-opening time can increase when Phoscrete Sealer is applied.

Insure the Phoscrete repair is level to the adjacent concrete. Grind as noted above.

Prior to installing film-forming sealers, and prior to leaving the job site, hammer-test the Phoscrete repair and listen for any hollow spots. Common reasons Phoscrete may not adequately bond to the concrete substrate include:

- Placed Phoscrete that already began to set in the bucket/mixer.
- Contaminated substrate (oils, dirt, moisture)
- Excessive voids in the bond interface or carbonation of aged concrete substrate.

If you detect delamination in your Phoscrete repair, quickly remove the delaminated areas, correct the cause (mechanically remove contaminated substrate), use Primer if appropriate, then mix, place and finish with additional Phoscrete. The fresh Phoscrete will bond strong to the adjacent Phoscrete that remains in place with no cold joints.

#### **Phoscrete Repairs Last!**

When properly installed, Phoscrete is fast, easy to use, and it lasts. The more often you use Phoscrete, the better experienced you become, and the more you will turn to Phoscrete to fix damaged concrete once and for good.



#### Phoscrete Technical Support

Visit our website for the latest installation guides and technical data. Contact Phoscrete installation support anytime for guidance for your concrete repair projects:

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#### URLs for Referenced Hyperlinks in this Document

<sup>i</sup> Refer to the latest published Phoscrete Quick Start Guides, Full Installation Guides, Best Practices, and Videos: <u>https://www.phoscrete.com/installation-guides/</u>

<sup>ii</sup> Refer to the latest published Phoscrete Technical and Safety Data Guides for product-specific data: <u>https://www.phoscrete.com/data-guides/</u>

<sup>iii</sup> <u>https://icri.ce21.com/item/3101r2008-english-pdf-guideline-surface-preparation-repair-deteriorated-</u> <u>concrete-resulting-reinforcing-steel-corrosion-342512</u>

<sup>iv</sup> <u>https://icri.ce21.com/item/3102r2013-english-pdf-selecting-concrete-surface-preparation-sealers-coatings-polymer-overlays-concrete-repair-342521</u>

<sup>v</sup> https://www.phoscrete.com/wp-content/uploads/Installation-Guides/phoscrete-best-practices-alltemperature-concrete-repair-guidelines.pdf

<sup>vi</sup> https://www.phoscrete.com/wp-content/uploads/Installation-Guides/phoscrete-best-practices-expansionjoint-installation-and-repair.pdf